# Consolidated Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2018 (Japanese Accounting Standards)

February 12, 2019

Name of Listed Company: Mitsubishi Materials Corporation Listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange Stock Code: 5711 URL: http://www.mmc.co.jp/

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Scheduled filing date of Quarterly Report: February 12, 2019

Scheduled date of start of dividend payment:

Supplementary materials for the quarterly financial results: Yes

Investor conference for the quarterly financial results: Yes (For Institutional Investors)

(Amounts of less than million yen are omitted.)

1. Results of the first nine months ended December 31, 2018 (From April 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018)

(1) Consolidated Results of Operations (cumulative)

(Figures in percentages denote the year-on-year change.)

	Net sale	es	Operating profit		Ordinary income		Net income attributable to owners of parent	
	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%
First nine months ended December 31, 2018	1,272,555	10.9	34,248	-37.7	42,067	-38.7	12,831	-70.7
First nine months ended December 31, 2017	1,147,047	19.9	54,988	25.3	68,581	29.5	43,734	-11.5

(Note) Comprehensive income: The first nine months ended December 31, 2018: -17,631 million yen (-%)

The first nine months ended December 31, 2017: 105,073 million yen (124.6%)

	Net income per share	Diluted net income per share
	Yen	Yen
First nine months ended December 31, 2018	97.98	-
First nine months ended December 31, 2017	333.91	_

#### (2) Consolidated Financial Position

	Total assets	Net assets	Shareholders' equity ratio
	Million yen	Million yen	%
As of December 31, 2018	1,954,244	739,218	33.2
As of March 31, 2018	2,011,067	768,495	33.9

(Reference) Shareholders' Equity: As of December 31, 2018: 648,479 million yen As of March 31, 2018: 682,471 million yen

(Note) The Company has been applying "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Statement No. 28 on February 16, 2018) from the beginning of the first three months ended June 30, 2018. Individual figures related to the period ended March 31, 2018 have had the accounting standards applied retroactively.

#### 2. Dividend Payments

		Dividends per share				
(Record date)	First quarter	Second quarter	Third quarter	Year-end	Annual	
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	
Year ended March 31, 2018	_	30.00	_	50.00	80.00	
Year ending March 31, 2019	_	40.00	-			
Year ending March 31, 2019 (Forecast)				40.00	80.00	

(Note) Revision of dividend forecast published most recently: No

#### 3. Consolidated Earnings Forecast (From April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019)

(Figures in percentages denote the year-on-year change.

(Tigures in percentages denote the year-on-year change.)									
	Net sal	es	Operating	profit	Ordinary in	ncome	Net inco attributab owners of	le to	Net income per share
	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Yen
Year ending March 31, 2019	1,650,000	3.2	42,000	-42.3	52,000	-34.7	10,000	-71.1	76.36

(Note) Revision to forecast published most recently: Yes

- \* Notes
- (1) Significant changes of subsidiaries during the term under review (changes in specific subsidiaries accompanied by a change in the scope of consolidation):

  None
- (2) Application of specific accounting treatment:

Yes

(Note) For details, please see "(3) Notes to consolidated quarterly financial statements (Application of special accounting treatment in the preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements)" under "2. Consolidated Financial Statements and Key Notes" on page 11.

- (3) Changes in accounting policies, changes of accounting estimates and restatement
  - (i) Changes in accounting policies due to amendments to accounting standards: None
  - (ii) Other changes in accounting policies: None
  - (iii) Changes in accounting estimates: None
  - (iv) Restatements: None
- (4) Numbers of issued shares (common stock)
  - (i) Numbers of issued shares at end of terms (including treasury shares):

Nine months ended December 31, 2018: 131,489,535 shares Year ended March 31, 2018: 131,489,535 shares

(ii) Numbers of treasury shares at end of terms:

Nine months ended December 31, 2018: 536,278 shares Year ended March 31, 2018: 527,089 shares

(iii) Average number of shares issued during terms (quarterly cumulative period):

Nine months ended December 31, 2018: 130,957,722 shares Nine months ended December 31, 2017: 130,975,076 shares

The operating results forecasts and other forward-looking statements contained in this report are based on information currently available to the Company, as well as certain assumptions that the Company has judged to be reasonable. As such, they do not constitute an assurance that the Company promises to achieve these projected results. Therefore, readers are advised to note that the actual results may vary materially from the forecasts due to a variety of factors. Please see "(3) Information on the consolidated earnings forecasts and other future forecasts" of "1. Qualitative Information on Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2018" on page 4 for the assumptions about consolidated earnings forecasts.

(Procedure for obtaining supplementary information on quarterly financial results and quarterly financial briefing) Mitsubishi Materials Corporation plans to hold a quarterly financial briefing for institutional investors on Tuesday, February 12, 2019. The materials used at this briefing are disclosed on the TDnet and the Company's web page at the time that the quarterly financial results are announced.

<sup>\*</sup> This quarterly financial summaries is not subject to a quarterly review by certified public accountants or audit firms.

<sup>\*</sup> Explanation about the proper use of financial forecasts and other special notes (Notes concerning forward-looking statements, etc.)

### Contents

1. Q	ualitative Information on Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2018	2
(1	1) Details of operating results	2
(2	2) Details of financial position	4
(3	3) Information on the consolidated earnings forecasts and other future forecasts	4
2. C	onsolidated Financial Statements and Key Notes	5
(1	) Consolidated balance sheet	5
(2	2) Consolidated statement of income and consolidated statements of comprehensive income	7
	Consolidated statement of income	7
	Consolidated statements of comprehensive income	8
(3	3) Notes to consolidated quarterly financial statements	9
	Notes on assumptions for a going concern	9
	Segment information	9
	Notes on significant changes in the amount of shareholders' equity, if any	11
	Application of special accounting treatment in the preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial	
	statements	11
	Additional information	11
	Contingent liabilities	11
	Important subsequent events	14

#### 1. Qualitative Information on Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2018

#### (1) Details of operating results

#### 1) Overview of operating results

During the first nine months of the consolidated fiscal year under review, although signs of economic slowdown were seen in China, moderate recovery was seen in the Asian economies of Thailand and Indonesia. In the United States, the economy continued to recover steadily.

In Japan, corporate earnings and employment and income conditions were on the road to recovery, and consumer spending and capital expenditure showed signs of improvement.

Regarding the business environment for the Mitsubishi Materials Group, copper prices increased, and energy costs rose.

Under these circumstances, consolidated net sales for the first nine months of the year under review totaled \$1,272,555 million, up 10.9% year on year. Operating profit decreased 37.7% year on year, to \$34,248 million, and ordinary income fell 38.7%, to \$42,067 million. Net income attributable to owners of parent was \$12,831 million, down 70.7% year on year.

#### 2) Overview by segments

From the third quarter of the fiscal year, the reporting segments have been changed, among other changes. The details are set forth in "2. (3) Notes to consolidated quarterly financial statements (segment information)." In this regard, in comparison with the data of the same quarter of the previous year below, the numerical data obtained upon the reclassification of the numerical data for the same quarter of the previous year under the changed segments is used.

#### (Advanced Products)

(Billion yen)

	FY 2018 Q1-Q3	FY 2019 Q1-Q3	Increase / Decrease (%)
Net sales	393.4	435.3	41.9 (10.7%)
Operating profit	14.6	10.8	-3.8 (-26.2%)
Ordinary income	14.6	10.6	-3.9 (-27.0%)

In the copper and copper alloy products business, net sales increased and operating profit decreased as a result of an increase in the costs of raw materials, despite the sales increase that was mainly attributable to the contribution of MMC Copper Products OY to the consolidated results from the beginning of the fiscal year.

In the electronics materials & components business, net sales increased and operating profit decreased, mainly due to the effect of the falling sales prices of some electronic component products, despite an increase in sales of products related to semiconductor manufacturing equipment and products for automobiles.

In the aluminum products business, net sales increased due to a rise in aluminum prices, despite a decrease in the sales volume of beverage aluminum bottle cans and plate products for litho sheets, which are the rolled and processed products, among other products. In addition, energy costs rose. As a result, the aluminum products business posted an increase in net sales and a decrease in operating profit.

Consequently, net sales for the entire Advanced Products increased year on year, but operating profit decreased. Ordinary income declined mainly due to the decrease in operating profit.

#### (Metalworking Solutions)

(Billion yen)

	FY 2018 Q1-Q3	FY 2019 Q1-Q3	Increase / Decrease (%)
Net sales	119.6	130.0	10.3 (8.6%)
Operating profit	13.8	13.7	-0.1 (-0.7%)
Ordinary income	13.0	12.7	-0.2 (-2.2%)

In the cemented carbide products business, net sales and operating profit increased as a result of strong demand mainly in Japan, Europe, United States, China and Southeast Asia.

In the sintering parts, etc. business, net sales increased due to growth in demand for mainstay sintering parts in Japan and North America. However, the operating loss expanded due to the increased costs associated with quality inspection and shipments.

Consequently, net sales for the entire Metalworking Solutions business increased year on year, but operating profit decreased. Ordinary income declined mainly due to the decrease in operating profit.

#### (Metals)

(Billion yen)

	FY 2018 Q1-Q3	FY 2019 Q1-Q3	Increase / Decrease (%)
Net sales	508.0	564.6	56.5 (11.1%)
Operating profit (loss)	9.4	-1.2	-10.6 (-%)
Ordinary income	23.1	3.9	-19.2 (-83.0%)

In the copper business, both net sales and operating profit decreased, mainly due to the lower production volume resulting from periodic furnace repairs at PT. Smelting in Indonesia and the increased costs for smelting.

In the gold and other valuable metals business, both net sales and operating profit grew, mainly due to increased production as a result of a rise in the amount of gold contained in raw materials.

As a result, overall the Metal business posted year-on-year increase in net sales, but operating profit declined. Ordinary income decreased due to the decrease in operating profit and dividend income.

#### (Cement)

(Billion yen)

	FY 2018 Q1-Q3	FY 2019 Q1-Q3	Increase / Decrease (%)
Net sales	146.0	151.0	4.9 (3.4%)
Operating profit	16.9	11.7	-5.2 (-30.7%)
Ordinary income	18.3	12.2	-6.0 (-33.1%)

Despite the firm performance of construction work of facilities related to the Tokyo Olympic and Paralympic Games in the Tokyo metropolitan area, as well as the extension work of the Hokuriku Shinkansen in the Hokuriku area in Japan, mainly rising energy costs resulted in a decline in operating profit, even as net sales increased.

In the United States, although the sales price of ready-mixed concrete rose, given an increase in fuel and other costs, net sales increased and operating profit decreased.

Consequently, net sales for the entire Cement business increased year on year, but operating profit decreased. Ordinary income declined mainly due to the decrease in operating profit.

#### (Others)

(Billion yen)

	FY 2018 Q1-Q3	FY 2019 Q1-Q3	Increase / Decrease (%)	
Net sales	170.2	182.5	12.2	(7.2%)
Operating profit	6.2	7.5	1.2	(20.3%)
Ordinary income	6.1	9.0	2.9	(46.8%)

In the energy-related business, although sales volume of coal decreased, due to a rise in sales prices of coal, both net sales and operating profit increased.

In the environment recycling business, net sales increased and operating profit decreased due to the costs incurred for the launch of new business, despite a rise in the recycling unit price of valuables as well as an increase in recycling volumes.

Although total net sales in the Others business excluding the energy-related business and the environmental recycling business increased, operating profit decreased.

In the overall Others business, both net sales and operating profit increased year on year. Ordinary income also rose due to the increase in operating profit and decrease in equity in losses of affiliates.

#### (2) Details of financial position

Total assets at the end of the third quarter of the consolidated fiscal year under review stood at ¥1,954.2 billion, down ¥56.8 billion from the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year. This result was mainly due to a decrease in investment securities.

Total liabilities were \$1,215.0 billion, a decrease of \$27.5 billion from the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year. This decrease was chiefly attributable to a fall in notes and accounts payable - trade.

#### (3) Information on the consolidated earnings forecasts and other future forecasts

For the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019, the Company expects operating profit and ordinary income to decrease from the previous forecast due to a decline in sales in the Metals business, which was mainly caused by the delay in the re-start of operation at PT. Smelting in Indonesia following the furnace repairs, as well as lower-than-projected sales in the Advanced Products. Net income attributable to owners of parent is also expected to be lower than the previous forecast, reflecting an increase in impairment loss, among other factors.

Revisions to Consolidated Earnings Forecasts for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2019 (from April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019)

(Billion yen)

	Previous forecast	Current forecast	Increase / Decrease (%)
Net sales	1,660.0	1,650.0	-0.6
Operating profit	53.0	42.0	-20.8
Ordinary income	64.0	52.0	-18.8
Net income attributable to owners of parent	25.0	10.0	-60.0

(Note) The above forecast has been prepared on assumed economic conditions, market trends, and other factors foreseeable as of the date of this announcement, and the results may differ from the forecasts due to various factors arising in the future.

#### 2. Consolidated Financial Statements and Key Notes

#### (1) Consolidated balance sheet

(Million yen) As of March 31, 2018 As of December 31, 2018 Assets **Current assets** Cash and deposits 93,389 95,924 Notes and accounts receivable-trade 260,427 254,912 Merchandise and finished goods 91,772 93,252 Work in process 132,043 132,847 Raw materials and supplies 142,275 138,609 Others 227,686 233,121 Allowance for doubtful accounts (2,518)(2,906)**Total current assets** 945,077 945,762 Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Machinery and equipment, net 204,513 210,993 Land, net 236,709 237,110 Other, net 204,336 213,574 Total property, plant and equipment 645,559 661,678 **Intangible assets** Goodwill 44,636 42,269 Other 19,938 18,508 **Total intangible assets** 64,574 60,777 Investments and other assets Investment securities 303,924 236,445 53,624 Others 56,228 Allowance for doubtful accounts (4,297)(4,044)Total investments and other assets 355,855 286,025 1,065,989 1,008,481 **Total non-current assets Total assets** 1,954,244 2,011,067

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		(Million yen)
	As of March 31, 2018	As of December 31, 2018
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable-trade	158,369	137,173
Short-term loans payable	206,142	213,195
Current portion of bonds payable	25,000	=
Commercial papers	_	20,000
Income taxes payable	9,151	6,306
Provision	13,228	7,106
Gold payable	246,227	251,977
Other	118,880	121,594
Total current liabilities	777,001	757,353
Non-current liabilities		
Bonds payable	50,000	50,000
Long-term loans payable	240,292	248,582
Provision for environmental measures	37,833	42,179
Other provision	2,370	2,756
Net defined benefit liability	51,647	49,736
Other	83,427	64,416
Total non-current liabilities	465,570	457,671
Total liabilities	1,242,571	1,215,025
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Capital stock	119,457	119,457
Capital surplus	92,422	92,422
Retained earnings	361,430	364,514
Treasury stock	(2,089)	(2,117)
Total shareholders' equity	571,222	574,277
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	95,487	51,256
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	1,068	2,046
Revaluation reserve for land	33,071	32,974
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(10,312)	(5,190)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(8,066)	(6,884)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	111,249	74,202
Non-controlling interests	86,023	90,739
Total net assets	768,495	739,218
Total liabilities and net assets	2,011,067	1,954,244

## (2) Consolidated statement of income and consolidated statements of comprehensive income Consolidated statement of income

Consolidated first nine months (Million yen) Nine Months Ended Nine Months Ended December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017 (Apr. 1, 2017-Dec. 31, 2017) (Apr. 1, 2018–Dec. 31, 2018) Net sales 1,147,047 1,272,555 Cost of sales 981,607 1,121,653 165,440 150,901 Gross profit 110,451 116,653 Selling, general and administrative expenses 54,988 34,248 Operating profit Non-operating profit Interest income 579 820 Dividend income 18,252 13,169 Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity 2,267 1,525 3,595 Rent income on non-current assets 3,746 2,081 1,913 Other Total non-operating profit 26,776 21,175 Non-operating expenses Interest expenses 3,788 3,579 Settlement expenses of remaining business in mines 3,029 2,132 Loss on retirement of non-current assets 2,710 1,373 Other 3,655 6,270 13,184 13,356 **Total non-operating expenses Ordinary income** 68,581 42,067 Extraordinary income 506 Gain on liquidation of subsidiaries and associates Gain on sales of non-current assets 2,365 462 Gain on sales of investment securities 981 269 Gain on reversal of loss of valuation of investment 1,145 170 securities Other 6 Total extraordinary income 4,499 1,409 **Extraordinary losses** Provision for environmental measures 6,530 Impairment loss 41 3,868 Loss on valuation of investment securities 2,779 Loss on sales of non-current assets 283 41 Loss on sales of investment securities 490 Other 136 178 952 13,398 Total extraordinary losses 72,128 30,077 Income before income taxes Income taxes 19,746 12,785 52,381 17,291 Net income 8,646 4,460 Net income attributable to non-controlling interests

43,734

12,831

Net income attributable to owners of parent

### Consolidated statements of comprehensive income

Consolidated first nine months (Million yen)

Consortated first mile months		(ivinition jen)
	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2017 (Apr. 1, 2017–Dec. 31, 2017)	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2018 (Apr. 1, 2018–Dec. 31, 2018)
Net income	52,381	17,291
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	47,519	(44,444)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(2,521)	1,224
Foreign currency translation adjustment	4,595	7,625
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	2,104	1,188
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method	993	(518)
Total other comprehensive income	52,691	(34,923)
Comprehensive income	105,073	(17,631)
(Breakdown)		
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	95,360	(24,223)
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	9,712	6,592

### (3) Notes to consolidated quarterly financial statements Notes on assumptions for a going concern

N/A

#### **Segment information**

[Segment Information]

I. For the nine months ended December 31, 2017 (from April 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017) Sales and income of reporting segments

(Million yen)

	Advanced Products	Metalworking Solutions Business	Metals Business	Cement Business	Others business	Total	Adjustment amount	Amount indicated in the consolidated quarterly statements of income
Net sales								
(1) Outside customers	383,705	110,954	377,326	143,337	131,722	1,147,047	_	1,147,047
(2) Within consolidated group	9,759	8,739	130,765	2,706	38,512	190,483	(190,483)	_
Total	393,465	119,693	508,091	146,044	170,235	1,337,530	(190,483)	1,147,047
Segment income	14,636	13,036	23,154	18,340	6,195	75,362	(6,781)	68,581

Notes: 1. "Others" includes nuclear energy-related services, environmental and recycling-related business, real estate business, and engineering-related services.

- 2. "Adjustment amount" of segment income of -¥6,781 million includes the elimination of intersegment transactions of ¥82 million and corporate expenses of -¥6,864 million which are not distributed to the reporting segments. Corporate expenses consist mainly of general and administrative expenses that do not belong to the reporting segments, basic experiment and research expenses, and financial revenue and expenses.
- 3. Segment income has been adjusted together with ordinary income on the consolidated quarterly statements of income.

- II. For the nine months ended December 31, 2018 (from April 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018)
- 1. Sales and income of reporting segments

(Million yen)

	Advanced Products	Metalworking Solutions Business	Metals Business	Cement Business	Others business	Total	Adjustment amount	Amount indicated in the consolidated quarterly statements of income
Net sales								
(1) Outside customers	424,925	120,900	432,163	148,562	146,003	1,272,555	_	1,272,555
(2) Within consolidated group	10,471	9,105	132,490	2,452	36,502	191,021	(191,021)	-
Total	435,397	130,005	564,653	151,014	182,505	1,463,577	(191,021)	1,272,555
Segment income	10,691	12,751	3,936	12,263	9,096	48,739	(6,672)	42,067

- Notes: 1. "Others" includes nuclear energy-related services, environmental and recycling-related business, real estate business, and engineering-related services.
  - 2. "Adjustment amount" of segment income of -¥6,672 million includes the elimination of intersegment transactions of -¥89 million and corporate expenses of -¥6,583 million which are not distributed to the reporting segments. Corporate expenses consist mainly of general and administrative expenses that do not belong to the reporting segments, basic experiment and research expenses, and financial revenue and expenses.
  - 3. Segment income has been adjusted together with ordinary income on the consolidated quarterly statements of income.

#### 2. Matters regarding the change of the reporting segments, among other changes

At the meeting of the Board of Directors held on August 7, 2018, the Company resolved to partially change the organization of business division. This change was made on October 1, 2018.

The Copper & Copper Alloy Products in the Metals Company, the Electronic Materials & Components Company and the Aluminum Div. are integrated to "Advanced Products Company" as a single in-house company, it aims to strengthen its product planning, marketing and proposal capabilities for key areas and main customers in a cross-functional manner.

Associated with this, the Company has changed the method of business segmentation from the "Cement Business", "Metals Business", "Advanced Materials & Tools Business", "Electronic Materials & Components Business", "Aluminum Business" and "Others business" to the "Advanced Products", "Metalworking Solutions Business", "Metals Business", "Cement Business" and "Others business".

In this regard, the segment information for the first nine months of the previous consolidated fiscal year that is disclosed herein is made according to the changed method of segmentation.

## Notes on significant changes in the amount of shareholders' equity, if any $N\!\!\!/\!A$

## Application of special accounting treatment in the preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements

The Company calculates tax expenses by rationally assuming an effective tax rate after applying tax effect accounting to income before income taxes for the consolidated fiscal year, including the third quarter under review, and multiplying income before income taxes for the first nine months by the estimated effective tax rate.

#### Additional information

(Provision for environmental measures)

In regards to expenses for specific countermeasure work to prevent mining-induced pollution and expenses for countermeasure work to stabilize collection sites in abandoned mines managed by the Group, we have recorded a provision for expenses whose estimated amount has been fixed because the details of the construction work have been determined. However, regarding countermeasure work to stabilize large-scale collection sites, there were some forms of countermeasure work for which the amount cannot be calculated reasonably because the details of construction work are undecided due to the fact that the most appropriate construction method for the landscape and existing equipment have yet to be selected, even though specific countermeasure work is necessary. The details of the construction work were determined and the estimated amount of expenses was fixed in the first nine months of the consolidated fiscal year under review, and we have thus recorded an extraordinary loss of \$\xi6,530\$ million that was posted and included in the provision for environmental measures.

(Adoption of the "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting," etc.)

The Company has adopted the "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Statement No. 28 on February 16, 2018), etc. from the beginning of the first quarter of the fiscal year. As a result, deferred tax assets are presented in investments and other assets, and deferred tax liabilities are presented in non-current liabilities.

#### **Contingent liabilities**

(Matters concerning taxation in Indonesia)

Previous consolidated fiscal year (As of March 31, 2018)

On December 30, 2014, PT. Smelting in Indonesia, a consolidated subsidiary of the Company (hereinafter the "PTS") received a notice of reassessment in an amount of US\$47 million (¥5,085 million based on the exchange rate at the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year) from the Indonesian National Tax Authority, regarding the sales transaction pricing of the PTS for the year ended December 31, 2009. On January 28, 2015, the PTS made a provisional deposit of US\$14 million (¥1,487 million) as a part of the additional collection.

However, the PTS submitted a written objection to the Indonesian National Tax Authority on March 25, 2015, because this assessment, which claimed there was a sales shortage on the part of the PTS based on a comparison of the profit margin ratio with other companies selected by the Indonesian National Tax Authority, was highly unreasonable and found to be unacceptable by the Company and the PTS.

The written objection submitted by the PTS on March 25, 2015 was dismissed by the Indonesian National Tax Authority on March 16, 2016. Therefore, the PTS filed a complaint to the Tax Court in Indonesia on June 6, 2016 to present the fairness of the view of the Company and the PTS.

On December 22, 2016, the PTS received a notice of reassessment in an amount of US\$34 million (¥3,637 million) from the Indonesian National Tax Authority, regarding its posting of raw material costs, etc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

However, the PTS submitted a written objection to the Indonesian National Tax Authority on March 20, 2017, because this assessment was a view that unilaterally negated the basis for recording raw materials costs, etc. of the PTS and found to be unacceptable by the Company and the PTS.

On February 28, 2018, the PTS received a notice from the Indonesian National Tax Authority regarding the written objection submitted by the PTS on March 20, 2017, and the written objection of the PTS was accepted for US\$28 million (¥3,012 million). For US\$5 million (¥625 million), for which the written objection was dismissed, the PTS has decided to file a complaint to the Tax Court in Indonesia.

On November 29, 2017, the PTS also received a notice of reassessment in an amount of US\$22 million (¥2,425 million) from the Indonesian National Tax Authority, primarily regarding its posting of gains and losses on hedging for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. On December 27, 2017, the PTS made a provisional deposit of US\$6 million (¥668 million) as part of the additional collection.

However, the PTS submitted a written objection to the Indonesian National Tax Authority on February 27, 2018, because this assessment was a view that unilaterally negated the basis for recording gains and losses on hedging, etc. of the PTS and found to be unacceptable by the Company and the PTS.

Third quarter of the consolidated fiscal year under review (As of December 31, 2018)

On December 30, 2014, PT. Smelting in Indonesia, a consolidated subsidiary of the Company (hereinafter the "PTS") received a notice of reassessment in an amount of US\$47 million (¥5,313 million based on the exchange rate at the end of the third quarter of the consolidated fiscal year under review) from the Indonesian National Tax Authority, regarding the sales transaction pricing of the PTS for the year ended December 31, 2009. On January 28, 2015, the PTS made a provisional deposit of US\$14 million (¥1,554 million) as a part of the additional collection.

However, the PTS submitted a written objection to the Indonesian National Tax Authority on March 25, 2015, because this assessment, which claimed there was a sales shortage on the part of the PTS based on a comparison of the profit margin ratio with other companies selected by the Indonesian National Tax Authority, was highly unreasonable and found to be unacceptable by the Company and the PTS.

The written objection submitted by the PTS on March 25, 2015 was dismissed by the Indonesian National Tax Authority on March 16, 2016. Therefore, the PTS filed a complaint to the Tax Court in Indonesia on June 6, 2016 to present the fairness of the view of the Company and the PTS.

On November 29, 2017, the PTS also received a notice of reassessment in an amount of US\$22 million (\fomega2,533 million) from the Indonesian National Tax Authority, primarily regarding its posting of gains and losses on hedging for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. On December 27, 2017, the PTS made a provisional deposit of US\$6 million (\footga3698 million) as part of the additional collection.

However, the PTS submitted a written objection to the Indonesian National Tax Authority on February 27, 2018, because this assessment was a view that unilaterally negated the basis for recording gains and losses on hedging, etc. of the PTS and found to be unacceptable by the Company and the PTS.

On December 5, 2018, the PTS also received a notice of reassessment in an amount of US\$15 million (¥1,688 million) from the Indonesian National Tax Authority, primarily regarding its posting of gains and losses on hedging for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. On December 27, 2018, the PTS made a provisional deposit of US\$5 million (¥651 million) as part of the additional collection.

However, the PTS plans to submit a written objection to the Indonesian National Tax Authority, because this assessment is a view that unilaterally negates the basis for recording gains and losses on hedging, etc. of the PTS and has been found to be unacceptable by the Company and the PTS.

(Matters concerning Non-Conforming Products)
Previous consolidated fiscal year (As of March 31, 2018)

Mitsubishi Materials Corporation discovered that the Company's consolidated subsidiaries Mitsubishi Cable Industries, Ltd., Mitsubishi Shindoh Co., Ltd., Mitsubishi Aluminum Co., Ltd., Tachibana Metal Manufacturing Co., Ltd. and Diamet Corporation had delivered products, etc. that deviated from customer standards or internal company specifications due to misconduct, including the rewriting of inspection records data and the insufficient testing concerning some of the products manufactured and sold in the past.

Based on the above fact, some of the aforementioned subsidiaries received notification of revocation of their JIS certification and ISO certifications from the accrediting agencies.

Since quality control related problems were also discovered with respect to the copper slag products manufactured at the Company's Naoshima Smelter & Refinery, the Company reported the fact to the Japan Quality Assurance organization (JQA) and a special inspection was conducted. As a result, JQA revoked the JIS certification for copper slag products manufactured at the Company's Naoshima Smelter & Refinery.

Depending on the progress of the above mentioned issues, the Company's consolidated business results may be affected, due to costs incurred to compensate customers and other parties and other losses. However, such amounts which are currently difficult to estimate are not reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Third quarter of the consolidated fiscal year under review (As of December 31, 2018)

Mitsubishi Materials Corporation discovered that the Company's consolidated subsidiaries had delivered products, etc. that deviated from customer standards or internal company specifications due to misconduct, including the rewriting of inspection records data and the insufficient testing, concerning some of the products manufactured and sold in the past.

Based on the above fact, some of the aforementioned subsidiaries received notification of revocation of their JIS certification and ISO certifications from the accrediting agencies.

Depending on the progress of the above mentioned issues, the Company's consolidated business results may be affected, due to costs incurred to compensate customers and other parties and other losses. However, such amounts which are currently difficult to estimate are not reflected in the quarterly consolidated financial statements.

(On-site inspection by the Japan Fair Trade Commission)

Previous consolidated fiscal year (As of March 31, 2018)

Universal Can Corporation, a consolidated subsidiary of the Company, was on-site inspected by the Japan Fair Trade Commission on February 6, 2018, due to suspected of violating the Antimonopoly Act concerning the transaction of empty cans for beverages.

The subsequent progress of this matter may affect the Company's consolidated financial results, since it is difficult to rationally estimate the impact amount at the present time, it is not reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Third quarter of the consolidated fiscal year under review (As of December 31, 2018)

Universal Can Corporation, a consolidated subsidiary of the Company, was on-site inspected by the Japan Fair Trade Commission on February 6, 2018, due to suspected of violating the Antimonopoly Act concerning the transaction of empty cans for beverages.

The subsequent progress of this matter may affect the Company's consolidated financial results, since it is difficult to rationally estimate the impact amount at the present time, it is not reflected in the quarterly consolidated financial statements.

#### Important subsequent events

(Change the method of business segmentation)

At the meeting of the Board of Directors held on February 12, 2019, the Company has resolved to partially change the organization of the business division effective of April 1, 2019.

The coal-related business in the "Others business" has changed to the "Cement Business," in which coal is used as thermal energy, to achieve more efficient business management.

Information on net sales and profits for each reporting segment for the first nine months of the consolidated fiscal year under review based on the business segments after the change is as provided below.

For the nine months ended December 31, 2018 (from April 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018) Sales and income of reporting segments

(Million yen)

	Advanced Products	Metalworking Solutions Business	Metals Business	Cement Business	Others business	Total	Adjustment amount	Amount indicated in the consolidated quarterly statements of income
Net sales								
(1) Outside customers	424,925	120,900	432,163	189,589	104,975	1,272,555	_	1,272,555
(2) Within consolidated group	10,471	9,105	132,490	3,020	31,513	186,600	(186,600)	_
Total	435,397	130,005	564,653	192,610	136,488	1,459,155	(186,600)	1,272,555
Segment income	10,691	12,751	3,936	15,723	5,636	48,739	(6,672)	42,067

Notes: 1. "Others business" includes nuclear energy-related services, environmental and recycling-related business, real estate business, and engineering-related services.

- 2. "Adjustment amount" of segment income of -¥6,672 million includes the elimination of intersegment transactions of -¥89 million and corporate expenses of -¥6,583 million which are not distributed to the reporting segments. Corporate expenses consist mainly of general and administrative expenses that do not belong to the reporting segments, basic experiment and research expenses, and financial revenue and expenses.
- 3. Segment income has been adjusted together with ordinary income on the consolidated quarterly statements of income.